

Honorable Barbara J. Rothstein

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON  
AT SEATTLE

UNITED FINANCIAL CAS. CO.,  
Plaintiff,

v.

AMAN EXPEDITE, LLC; VITALI (sic.)  
KONKO; and the ESTATE OF DMYTRO  
PRONIN (sic.),

Defendants,

AND

CHAD HORNER, as Administrator of the  
Estate of Dmytro Pronin,

Crossclaim Plaintiff and  
Third-Party Plaintiff,

v.

AMAN EXPEDITE LLC; and VITALII  
KONKO,

Crossclaim Defendants,

AND

DAIMLER TRUCKS NORTH AMERICA  
LLC; SELECTTRANSPORTATION  
RESOURCES (D/B/A HOUSTON  
FREIGHTLINER); PITREMODELING INC;  
RALF AND TRANSPORTATION INC;  
PETRO FEDELESH; MALIK TRUCKS LLC;  
MALIK KOSSUNOV; and FORCE TRANS  
INC.,

Third-Party Defendants.

Case No. 2:23-cv-00587-BJR

**THIRD-PARTY DEFENDANT  
DAIMLER TRUCK NORTH  
AMERICA LLC'S PROPOSED  
PROTECTIVE ORDER**

1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

Discovery in this action is likely to involve production of confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection may be warranted. Accordingly, Defendant Daimler Truck North America LLC's ("DTNA") hereby stipulates to and petitions the court to enter the following Protective Order. The parties acknowledge that this agreement is consistent with LCR 26(c). It does not confer blanket protection on all disclosures or responses to discovery, the protection it affords from public disclosure and use extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled to confidential treatment under the applicable legal principles, and it does not presumptively entitle parties to file confidential information under seal.

2. "CONFIDENTIAL" MATERIAL

"Confidential" material shall include the following documents and tangible things produced or otherwise exchanged: personal identifying information; medical information concerning any individual; tax returns and schedules; information protected from disclosure by statute or contract; trade secrets and other proprietary information; sensitive business information such as non-public organizational information, training, product development, design, research, analysis, specifications and/or testing, product-related inspections, investigations and/or studies, safety, maintenance; sensitive commercial information, such as non-public information related to customers, pricing, sales, contracts, or authorized dealer information; non-public financial information; personnel or employment records; or any other confidential, proprietary or sensitive matters available to the parties and obtained in connection with the litigation of this Action that is generally unavailable to others in the industry or to the public and is not readily determinable from public sources, and includes privileged attorney work product and attorney-client communications. Description of potential Confidential Material in this section shall not constitute an admission or agreement that all described information is discoverable.

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1 3. SCOPE

2 The protections conferred by this agreement cover not only confidential material (as  
3 defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from confidential material; (2) all  
4 copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of confidential material; and (3) any testimony,  
5 conversations, or presentations by parties or their counsel that might reveal confidential material.

6 However, the protections conferred by this agreement do not cover information that is in  
7 the public domain or becomes part of the public domain through trial or otherwise.

8 4. ACCESS TO AND USE OF CONFIDENTIAL MATERIAL

9 4.1 Basic Principles. A receiving party may use confidential material that is disclosed  
10 or produced by another party or by a non-party in connection with this case only for prosecuting,  
11 defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Confidential material may be disclosed only to the  
12 categories of persons and under the conditions described in this agreement. Confidential material  
13 must be stored and maintained by a receiving party at a location and in a secure manner that ensures  
14 that access is limited to the persons authorized under this agreement.

15 4.2 Disclosure of “CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered  
16 by the court or permitted in writing by the designating party, a receiving party may disclose any  
17 confidential material only to:

18 (a) the receiving party’s counsel of record in this action, as well as employees  
19 of counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this litigation;

20 (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including in house counsel) of the  
21 receiving party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation, unless the parties  
22 agree that a particular document or material produced is for Attorney’s Eyes Only and is so  
23 designated;

24 (c) experts and consultants to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this  
25 litigation and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

26 (d) the court, court personnel, and court reporters and their staff;

1 (e) copy or imaging services retained by counsel to assist in the duplication of  
2 confidential material, provided that counsel for the party retaining the copy or imaging service  
3 instructs the service not to disclose any confidential material to third parties and to immediately  
4 return all originals and copies of any confidential material;

5 (f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is  
6 reasonably necessary and who have signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound”  
7 (Exhibit A), unless otherwise agreed by the designating party or ordered by the court. Pages of  
8 transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal confidential material must  
9 be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted  
10 under this agreement;

11 (g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a  
12 custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.

13 4.3 Filing Confidential Material. Before filing confidential material or discussing or  
14 referencing such material in court filings, the filing party shall confer with the designating party,  
15 in accordance with Local Civil Rule 5(g)(3)(A), to determine whether the designating party will  
16 remove the confidential designation, whether the document can be redacted, or whether a motion  
17 to seal or stipulation and proposed order is warranted. During the meet and confer process, the  
18 designating party must identify the basis for sealing the specific confidential information at issue,  
19 and the filing party shall include this basis in its motion to seal, along with any objection to sealing  
20 the information at issue. Local Civil Rule 5(g) sets forth the procedures that must be followed and  
21 the standards that will be applied when a party seeks permission from the court to file material  
22 under seal. A party who seeks to maintain the confidentiality of its information must satisfy the  
23 requirements of Local Civil Rule 5(g)(3)(B), even if it is not the party filing the motion to seal.  
24 Failure to satisfy this requirement will result in the motion to seal being denied, in accordance with  
25 the strong presumption of public access to the Court’s files.

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1     5.     DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

2             5.1     Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each party  
3 or non-party that designates information or items for protection under this agreement must take  
4 care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate  
5 standards. The designating party must designate for protection only those parts of material,  
6 documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify, so that other portions of the  
7 material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept  
8 unjustifiably within the ambit of this agreement.

9             Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are  
10 shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (*e.g.*, to  
11 unnecessarily encumber or delay the case development process or to impose unnecessary expenses  
12 and burdens on other parties) expose the designating party to sanctions.

13             If it comes to a designating party's attention that information or items that it designated for  
14 protection do not qualify for protection, the designating party must promptly notify all other parties  
15 that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

16             5.2     Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in this  
17 agreement (see, *e.g.*, second paragraph of section 5.2(b) below), or as otherwise stipulated or  
18 ordered, disclosure or discovery material that qualifies for protection under this agreement must  
19 be clearly so designated before or when the material is disclosed or produced.

20             (a)     Information in documentary form: (*e.g.*, paper or electronic documents and  
21 deposition exhibits, but excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings),  
22 the designating party must affix the word "CONFIDENTIAL" to each page that contains  
23 confidential material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection,  
24 the producing party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (*e.g.*, by making appropriate  
25 markings in the margins).

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1 (b) Testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial proceedings: the parties  
2 and any participating non-parties must identify on the record, during the deposition or other pretrial  
3 proceeding, all protected testimony, without prejudice to their right to so designate other testimony  
4 after reviewing the transcript. Any party or non-party may, within fifteen days after receiving the  
5 transcript of the deposition or other pretrial proceeding, designate portions of the transcript, or  
6 exhibits thereto, as confidential. If a party or non-party desires to protect confidential information  
7 at trial, the issue should be addressed during the pre-trial conference.

8 (c) Other tangible items: the producing party must affix in a prominent place  
9 on the exterior of the container or containers in which the information or item is stored the word  
10 “CONFIDENTIAL.” If only a portion or portions of the information or item warrant protection,  
11 the producing party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).

12 5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to  
13 designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the designating party’s  
14 right to secure protection under this agreement for such material. Upon timely correction of a  
15 designation, the receiving party must make reasonable efforts to ensure that the material is treated  
16 in accordance with the provisions of this agreement.

17 6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

18 6.1 Timing of Challenges. Any party or non-party may challenge a designation of  
19 confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a designating party’s confidentiality  
20 designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic  
21 burdens, or a significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a party does not waive its right to  
22 challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the  
23 original designation is disclosed.

24 6.2 Meet and Confer. The parties must make every attempt to resolve any dispute  
25 regarding confidential designations without court involvement. Any motion regarding confidential  
26 designations or for a protective order must include a certification, in the motion or in a declaration

1 or affidavit, that the movant has engaged in a good faith meet and confer conference with other  
2 affected parties in an effort to resolve the dispute without court action. The certification must list  
3 the date, manner, and participants to the conference. A good faith effort to confer requires a face-  
4 to-face meeting or a telephone conference.

5 6.3 Judicial Intervention. If the parties cannot resolve a challenge without court  
6 intervention, the designating party may file and serve a motion to retain confidentiality under Local  
7 Civil Rule 7 (and in compliance with Local Civil Rule 5(g), if applicable), as modified by orders  
8 of the assigned judge. The burden of persuasion in any such motion shall be on the designating  
9 party. Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper purpose (*e.g.*, to harass or impose  
10 unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the challenging party to sanctions.  
11 All parties shall continue to maintain the material in question as confidential until the court rules  
12 on the challenge.

13 7. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER  
14 LITIGATION

15 If a party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels  
16 disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as “CONFIDENTIAL,” that party  
17 must:

18 (a) promptly notify the designating party in writing and include a copy of the  
19 subpoena or court order;

20 (b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to  
21 issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is  
22 subject to this agreement. Such notification shall include a copy of this agreement; and

23 (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by  
24 the designating party whose confidential material may be affected.

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1 8. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

2 If a receiving party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed confidential  
3 material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this agreement, the receiving  
4 party must immediately (a) notify in writing the designating party of the unauthorized disclosures,  
5 (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the protected material, (c) inform the  
6 person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this agreement,  
7 and (d) request that such person or persons execute the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be  
8 Bound” that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

9 9. INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED  
10 MATERIAL

11 When a producing party gives notice to receiving parties that certain inadvertently  
12 produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of the  
13 receiving parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This provision  
14 is not intended to modify whatever procedure may be established in an e-discovery order or  
15 agreement that provides for production without prior privilege review. The parties agree to the  
16 entry of a non-waiver order under Fed. R. Evid. 502(d) as set forth herein.

17 10. NON TERMINATION AND RETURN OF DOCUMENTS

18 Within 60 days after the termination of this action, including all appeals, each receiving  
19 party must return all confidential material to the producing party, including all copies, extracts and  
20 summaries thereof. Alternatively, the parties may agree upon appropriate methods of destruction.

21 Notwithstanding this provision, counsel are entitled to retain one archival copy of all  
22 documents filed with the court, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts, correspondence,  
23 deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work product, and consultant and expert work  
24 product, even if such materials contain confidential material.

25 The confidentiality obligations imposed by this agreement shall remain in effect until a  
26 designating party agrees otherwise in writing or a court orders otherwise.



1 IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.

2 DATED: \_\_\_\_\_  
3 Attorneys for Plaintiff

4 DATED: \_\_\_\_\_  
5 Attorneys for Defendant

6  
7 PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED.

8 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that pursuant to Fed. R. Evid. 502(d), the production of any  
9 documents, electronically stored information (ESI) or information, whether inadvertent or  
10 otherwise, in this proceeding shall not, for the purposes of this proceeding or any other federal or  
11 state proceeding, constitute a waiver by the producing party of any privilege applicable to those  
12 documents, including the attorney-client privilege, attorney work-product protection, or any other  
13 privilege or protection recognized by law. This Order shall be interpreted to provide the maximum  
14 protection allowed by Fed. R. Evid. 502(d). The provisions of Fed. R. Evid. 502(b) do not apply.  
15 Nothing contained herein is intended to or shall serve to limit a party's right to conduct a review  
16 of documents, ESI or information (including metadata) for relevance, responsiveness and/or  
17 segregation of privileged and/or protected information before production. Information produced  
18 in discovery that is protected as privileged or work product shall be immediately returned to the  
19 producing party.

20  
21 DATED: July 21, 2025.

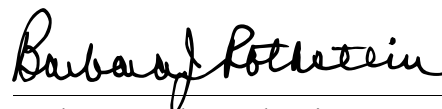
22  
23   
24 Barbara Jacobs Rothstein  
25 U.S. District Court Judge  
26

EXHIBIT AACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

I, \_\_\_\_\_ [print or type full name], of  
 \_\_\_\_\_ [print or type full address], declare under penalty of  
 perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was  
 issued by the United States District Court for the Western District of Washington on  
 \_\_\_\_\_ in the case of *United Financial Cas. Co. v. Aman Expedit, LLC, et al. and*  
*Chad Horner v. Aman Expedit LLC, et al. Case No. 2:23-cv-00587-BJR*. I agree to comply with  
 and to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and  
 acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature  
 of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner any information or item  
 that is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance  
 with the provisions of this Order.

I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the  
 Western District of Washington for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective  
 Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

City and State where sworn and signed: \_\_\_\_\_

Printed name: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

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